

## Glossary

<b>Building Addition:</b>	a description of the permanent structure added to the original building.
<b>Building Area:</b>	the sum of the areas at each floor level included within the principal outside faces of the exterior walls, including roofed areas with finished floors that may not have exterior walls, but are connected to the main building. This sum should include all stories or areas having floor surfaces with clear standing head room (6.5 feet or 1.98 meters) but omit architectural setbacks or projections.
<b>Construction Date:</b>	the month and year in which the construction of a building, addition or improvement was completed.
<b>Certificates of that is Participation the (COPS):</b>	a method of funding used by government agencies for construction or improvement of public facilities outside of the 'general debt' limits. They use a lease-type repayment structure over 20 years to pay back the 'debt'. The federal government, in turn, considers the transaction tax-exempt to the underwriter.
<b>Construction Material Type:</b>	the primary material used for the construction of a building: brick; brick veneer; block; wood frame; concrete; prefabricated; aluminum; steel; adobe; or other.
<b>Date of Certificate of Occupancy:</b>	the year, month and day in which a certificate of occupancy was granted by the appropriate local authority.
<b>Enterprise Zone:</b>	the government identification for special funding opportunities based on income of residents in the area.
<b>Environmental Contamination:</b>	all or a portion of the site is subject to any environmental contamination, such as oil or toxic soil conditions.
<b>Environmental Protection:</b>	all or a portion of the site is protected under any environmental restrictions for development, such as wetlands.

<b>Historic District:</b>	the school is located in a publicly designated historic district, whether or not the school itself is historic.
<b>Historic Status:</b>	an indication of whether or not a building is eligible to be declared a landmark of historic building. The building may be eligible, but not yet designated, state eligible, but not yet designated; or nationally eligible, not yet designated. The building may be ineligible, not evaluated, locally designated, state designated or nationally designated.
<b>Land Use:</b>	the underlying municipal zoning regulation, which guides the potential development of a site.
<b>Number of Stories:</b>	the number of stories in a building, excluding the basement if its ceiling is less than three feet above ground level.
<b>Site Descriptors:</b>	a characterization of a site that would define restriction or opportunities.
<b>Site Easements:</b>	the covenants legally attached to a site, including agreements allowing other parties to use the site and agreements allowing the local education authority to use sites belonging to others.
<b>Site Identification Code:</b>	a unique number or alphanumeric code assigned to a site by a school, school system, state or other agency or entity.
<b>Site Improvement Description:</b>	a description of the designed and constructed improvements made to a site.
<b>Site Improvement Location:</b>	the location of the designed and constructed improvements made to a site: playground; athletic field; outdoor classroom; hard-surface play area; hard surface game area; parking; drop-off/driveway; septic fields; retaining walls; fencing; sidewalks; stairs and ramps; landscaping; water filtration system; other.
<b>Site Name:</b>	the full legally accepted or popularly accepted name of a site.

- Year Built:** the year a building was constructed, as indicated by cornerstone or official government records.
- Year of Last Modernization:** the most recent year in which a full school modernization was completed.
- School Use Type:** the type of use for a building, regardless of the intent or original design: early childhood center; elementary school; middle school; junior high; school senior high school; combination grades; special education; career technical-education; adult education; alternative school or upper elementary school.
- Assigned Space:** an indication that the instruction space in a school is used in the calculation of student capacity
- Unassigned space:** an indication that the space in a school, including circulation, administration offices, support spaces, and common areas, is not part of the calculation for capacity.
- Space Utilization Area:** the area in square feet measured between the principal wall that faces at or near floor level, including alcove spaces, and the outer limits of space designed to serve the activity. Structural space is excluded.
- Net Area of Instructional Space:** the area of space directly used for instruction excluding circulation, administration, student services, and building support.
- Grade of Student Enrollment or Membership Number:** the specific grade or combination of grades for student enrollment count: preschool, kindergarten; first grade; second grade; third grade; fourth grade; fifth grade; sixth grade; seventh grade; eighth grade; ninth grade; tenth grade; eleventh grade; twelfth grade; grade 13 and/or ungraded.
- Student Enrollment Number:** the cumulative number of students registered in a school unit over a given period of time. Enrollment consists of initial membership plus additional enrollees during the specified time period.
- Student Membership Number:** a non-duplicated count of students on the current rolls of a school as of a given date.

**Student Enrollment Projection Number:** the number of students that may be assumed to enroll in a school or school system in the future, based on the number of live births, housing statistics, capture rate, historical cohort survival patterns, in and out migration in to the district and dropout rate. Projections are typically made for 3-, 5-, and 10-year intervals.

**Student enrollment Projection Year:** the year for the student enrollment projection.

**Service Population:** the number of school-age children who reside within a school attendance area and are thus eligible for education and services by a school.

**School Attendance Area:** a description of the geographical area that is encompassed by the enrollment boundaries of a school.

**School Assignment Method:** the way students who reside within a school district are assigned to the schools

1. Residential/geographic: school district policy that requires students who attend a school that serves a designated geographic area.
2. Choice, including magnet or charter schools, with transportation: school district policy that permits students to attend school outside of their attendance area, and provides transportation to support this.
3. Choice, including magnet or charter schools, without transportation: school district policy that permits students to attend school outside of their attendance area, but provides no transportation to support this.

**Number of Teaching Stations:** the number of teaching stations, as defined by how many spaces have, or could have, a teacher assigned to them for classroom instruction.

**Public Use Policy:** a description of the policy that enables the community or other organizations to use all or part of a building for purposes other than general education.

**Hours of Public Use per Week:** the number of hours that all or part of a building is used for purposes other than general education by the community or other organizations.

**Classroom Use Type:** an indication of the particular age group that receives instruction in the classroom.

1. Early childhood classroom: space built-in equipment for use by a class that is organized to provide educational experiences in the years preceding first grade.
2. Elementary classroom: a space designed with built-in equipment for use by a class that is organized to provide educational experiences in, usually, the years first grade through sixth grade.
3. Secondary classroom—middle school/junior high/high school: a space with a special built-in equipment for use by a class that is organized to provide educational experiences in, usually, the years seventh grade through twelfth grade.
4. Resource classroom: a space designed for general use by a group or class.

**Classroom Identification Code:** a unique number alphanumeric code assigned to a room by a school, school system, state, or other agency entity.